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# CORROSION

## Causes and Prevention

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THIRD EDITION

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## PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION

Since the second edition of this book appeared, developments in the knowledge of corrosion, particularly of its prevention, have been truly remarkable. This has necessitated extensive revision and additions to this book. However, the author has endeavored to give a comprehensive view of the subject for the general reader without more technical detail than is necessary for a sound understanding of the many factors involved in this problem and the principles of corrosion prevention, based mainly upon ferrous metals. Data on the corrosion properties of nonferrous metals will be found in the "Corrosion Handbook" and in many technical papers.

Some phases of the subject could only be presented in outline without unduly extending the work. In such cases, selected references are given as a guide to the readers who desire to follow the subject in more detail. A general bibliography is not included in this edition as current monthly bibliographies are now available. New sections on Biological Influences and Cathodic Protection have been added.

The science of corrosion and its prevention has become so specialized that a general treatise necessarily requires the cooperation of those who have made a special study of certain phases of the subject. In preparing most of these chapters, the author has been greatly assisted by his long personal contacts with many friends in the various fields whose work he has respected and admired. Collaboration of this kind is gratefully acknowledged in the various sections. The plan of discussion as outlined in Chapter 1 is much the same as in previous editions.

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# CONTENTS

PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION. . . . .	vii
PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION . . . . .	ix

## PART I. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

1. INTRODUCTORY OUTLINE. . . . .	3
Cost of corrosion—Organizations—Bibliographies—Outline of treatment.	
2. NATURE AND MECHANISM OF CORROSION—THEORIES OF CORROSION. . . . .	8
Discussion of established facts and factors—Electrochemical reactions (popular and technical discussion)—Applications of electrochemical principles in explanation of corrosion and pitting of metals—Causes of potential differences—Surface films—Passivity—Outline of older theories—Conclusions.	
3. INFLUENCE OF METHODS OF MANUFACTURE AND TREATMENT. . . . .	58
Brief description of the methods of manufacture and fabrication of iron and steel (from the blast furnace to the finished product) as these may affect resistance of the metal to corrosion—Wrought iron vs. steel—Nonmetallic inclusions—Strain—Mill scale—Finishing operations—Ancient iron.	
4. INFLUENCE OF FACTORS INTERNAL TO THE METAL—COMPOSITION. . . . .	94
Influence of carbon, manganese, phosphorous, sulfur, silicon, nickel, chromium, copper, and some rarer elements, on corrodibility of iron and steel—Corrosion-resistance of high-ferrous alloys containing nickel, chromium, and combinations of these elements—High-temperature oxidation—Conclusions.	
5. INFLUENCE OF FACTORS EXTERNAL TO THE METAL—CLASSIFICATION OF CORROSION. . . . .	162
Factors controlling the transfer of dissolved oxygen to the metal surface (such as temperature, rate of motion, films and coatings, and concentration of dissolved substances)—Effects of carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, acids, alkalis, salts, oxidizing compounds, and other miscellaneous factors—Factors influencing localization of corrosion (such as dissimilar materials in contact and concentration cells)—Biological influences—A system of classification of the various types of corrosion—Corrosion fatigue—Cavitation—Conclusions.	
6. PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF CORROSION TESTING . . . . .	244
General principles and specifications for corrosion testing—Types of laboratory and service tests in the atmosphere, submerged in water or in chemical solutions, and underground—Conclusions.	

## PART II. PREVENTIVE MEASURES

7. PREVENTION OF CORROSION IN THE ATMOSPHERE . . . . . 297  
 Controlling factors—Preparation of metal surface for coating—Non-metallic protective coatings (such as paints, oxides, phosphates, cement and concrete, bituminous materials, slushing compounds)—Metallic protective coatings (zinc, aluminum, cadmium, lead, tin, copper, nickel, and chromium)—Clad metal—Structural design and maintenance—Conclusions.
8. PREVENTION OF CORROSION UNDERWATER . . . . . 361  
 Controlling factors—Artificial protective coatings (paints, metals, bituminous materials, cement and concrete)—Natural protective coatings, including use of alkalies, soluble silicates, and inhibitors—Application of water treatment to water supply systems, cooling systems, and brine in refrigeration—Conclusions.
9. PREVENTION OF CORROSION IN CLOSED WATER SYSTEMS BY REMOVAL OF DISSOLVED GASES. . . . . 414  
 Practical significance of oxygen in solution—Oxygen removal by chemical means (deactivation by iron)—Mechanical removal of gases from water (deaeration)—Types of deactivators and deaerators (tray and spray types)—Combination systems for removing dissolved gases—Conclusions.
10. PREVENTION OF CORROSION IN STEAM GENERATORS. . . . . 444  
 Important factors—Feed-water treatment—Boiler cracking—Preventive measures, applied to stationary, locomotive, and marine practice—Economizers—Turbines—Superheaters—Electrolytic protection—General precautions for care of boilers—Conclusions.
11. PREVENTION OF CORROSION IN STEAM AND HOT-WATER HEATING SYSTEMS 474  
 Controlling factors—Special feed-water treatment required to control purity of steam—Protection of heating systems served by central heating plants—Volatile inhibitors—Conclusions.
12. PREVENTION OF CORROSION IN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES. . . . . 497  
 Reactions and controlling factors—Results of experimental investigations on commonly used materials—Petroleum-refinery problems—Selection of materials—Types of materials used in chemical industries (ferrous metals, nonferrous metals, nonmetallic materials)—Conclusions.
13. PREVENTION OF CORROSION UNDERGROUND. . . . . 541  
 Important factors—Types of soil corrosion—Oil field production and transportation problems—Corrosion fatigue—Protective measures (metallic coatings, bituminous materials, reinforced bituminous, mastic,

concrete and cement)—Cathodic protection—Reconditioning pipe— Methods and economics of coating pipe for underground service— Conclusions.	
14. STRAY-CURRENT CORROSION (ELECTROLYSIS) . . . . .	605
Principles and definitions—Electrolysis testing—Instruments—Methods of mitigation—Summary of good practice.	
15. CATHODIC PROTECTION. . . . .	620
Principles—Application—Selection of most suitable system—Rectified current vs. galvanic anodes—Location of anodes—Economics—Con- clusions.	
APPENDIX. . . . .	633
Calculation of corrosion rates—Marble test of Von Heyer—Determi- nation of sodium sulfite—Retarding of corrosion in refrigerating plants— Determination of H-ion activity—Distribution of ions in water—Syn- thetic sea water—Solubility of gases in water—Additional factors in metal selection—Effect of polarization on rate of corrosion—Esti- mating cost of chromate treatment—Chemical analyses of super- heat resisting alloys—Properties of a few common types of high- alloy steels—Conversion tables—Glossary of corrosion terms.	
INDEX. . . . .	665

Causes of | Find, read and cite all the research you need on ResearchGate.Â Keywords: Occupational stress, Employees stress, Prevention, Stress management. I. Introduction. Occupational or workplace stress can be defined as the change in oneâ€™s physical or mental state in. The U.S. National Commission on the Causes and Prevention of Violence (National Violence Commission) was formed by President Lyndon B. Johnson in Executive Order 11412 on June 10, 1968, after the assassinations of Reverend Martin Luther King, Jr. and Senator Robert F. Kennedy. The National Violence Commission established task forces on assassination, group violence, individual acts of violence, law enforcement, media and violence, firearms, and violence in American history. As reported by John Herbers